

In the United States Court of Federal Claims

OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

No. 20-0472V

UNPUBLISHED

██████████,

Petitioner,

v.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND
HUMAN SERVICES,

Respondent.

Chief Special Master Corcoran

Filed: October 27, 2021

Special Processing Unit (SPU);
Damages Decision Based on Proffer;
Tetanus Diphtheria acellular
Pertussis (Tdap) Vaccine; Shoulder
Injury Related to Vaccine
Administration (SIRVA)

*Leah VaSahnja Durant, Law Offices of Leah V. Durant, PLLC, Washington, DC, for
Petitioner.*

Sarah Christina Duncan, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for Respondent.

DECISION AWARDING DAMAGES¹

On April 20, 2020, ██████████ filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, *et seq.*² (the “Vaccine Act”). Petitioner alleges that she suffered a shoulder injury related to vaccine administration (“SIRVA”) as a result of a Tetanus (“Tdap”) vaccine that was administered to her on December 11, 2017. Petition at 1. The case was assigned to the Special Processing Unit of the Office of Special Masters.

On September 17, 2021, a ruling on entitlement was issued, finding Petitioner entitled to compensation for SIRVA. On October 26, 2021, Respondent filed a proffer on award of compensation (“Proffer”) indicating Petitioner should be awarded (a) a lump sum

¹ Because this unpublished Decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, I am required to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). **This means the Decision will be available to anyone with access to the internet.** In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), Petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within this definition, I will redact such material from public access.

² National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all section references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2012).

payment of \$85,000.00, representing compensation for pain and suffering; and (b) a lump sum payment of \$1,714.23, representing compensation for satisfaction of a Wisconsin Medicaid lien. Proffer at 2-3. In the Proffer, Respondent represented that Petitioner agrees with the proffered award. *Id.* at 2. Based on the record as a whole, I find that Petitioner is entitled to an award as stated in the Proffer.

Pursuant to the terms stated in the attached Proffer, **I award Petitioner:**

- A. A lump sum payment of \$85,000.00, representing compensation for pain and suffering, in the form of a check payable to Petitioner; and**
- B. A lump sum payment of \$1,714.23, representing compensation for satisfaction of a Wisconsin Medicaid lien, payable jointly to Petitioner and**

**Security Health Plan
Badger Care Plus Medicaid Managed Care Program
1515 North Saint Joseph Avenue
PO Box 8000
Marshfield, WI 54449-8000
Account #SUB241098, Attn: Kay Frodl**

Petitioner agrees to endorse and mail this payment to Security Health Plan.

These amounts represent compensation for all damages that would be available under Section 15(a).

The clerk of the court is directed to enter judgment in accordance with this decision.³

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Brian H. Corcoran
Brian H. Corcoran
Chief Special Master

³ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.